IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE: ASBESTOS PRODUCTS : LIABILITY LITIGATION (No. VI) :

Consolidated Under MDL DOCKET NO. 875

KING

FILED

v.

APR - 2:2015

VARIOUS DEFENDANTS

MICHAELE KUNZ, Clerk D. Pa. Case No. 13-06106

By _______
O R D E R

AND NOW, this 2nd day of April, 2015, it is hereby ORDERED that Defendant General Electric Company's Motion for Reconsideration (ECF No. 179) is DENIED.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

EDUARDO C. ROBRENO, J.

A Motion for Reconsideration will be granted when the party seeking reconsideration establishes "(1) an intervening change in the controlling law; (2) the availability of new evidence that was not available when the court . . . [issued its previous decision]; or (3) the need to correct a clear error of law or fact or prevent manifest injustice." Max's Seafood Café v. Quinteros, 176 F.3d 669, 677 (3d Cir. 1999); North River Ins. Co. v. CIGNA Reinsurance Co., 52 F.3d 1194, 1218 (3d Cir. 1995); United States v. Cabiness, 278 F. Supp. 2d 478, 483-84 (E.D. Pa. 2003) (Robreno, J.) (construing motion alleging legal error as motion for reconsideration under Fed. R. Civ. P. 59(e) and Local Rule 7.1(q)). "Because federal courts have a strong interest in the finality of judgments, motions for reconsideration should be granted sparingly." Cont'l Cas. Co. v. Diversified Indus., Inc., 884 F. Supp. 937, 943 (E.D. Pa. 1995). Accordingly, the Motion for Reconsideration is denied, as none of the <u>Quinteros</u> factors has been met.